

Key of D

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Basic Strum- D

G

Diagram of a 5-string guitar fretboard showing fret numbers for each string. The strings are labeled E, B, G, D, A from top to bottom. Fret numbers are indicated by vertical lines and numbers above or below the strings. Some frets have multiple numbers, indicating different fingerings or techniques. The diagram shows frets 1 through 12.

Fret	E	B	G	D	A
1	4	4	0	0	0
2	2	3	2	2	2
3	2	3	2	2	2
4	2	3	2	2	2
5	2	3	2	2	2
6	2	3	2	2	2
7	2	3	2	2	2
8	2	3	2	2	2
9	2	3	2	2	2
10	2	3	2	2	2
11	2	3	2	2	2
12	2	3	2	2	2

A

D

The diagram illustrates the Huffman tree construction process. It shows a sequence of nodes being merged into a binary tree. The root node has a weight of 5. Internal nodes have weights 6, 7, and 8. Leaf nodes represent individual symbols with their frequencies.

Node Type	Weight / Symbol	Frequencies (from top to bottom)
Root Node	5	-
Internal Node	6	0, 2, 2, 2, 2
Internal Node	7	0, 2, 3, 2
Internal Node	8	2, 3, 2
Leaf Nodes	0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 4, 0, 2, 0	-

Chord Lick

The diagram illustrates a sequence of operations across four lanes (9, 10, 11, 12). Each lane contains multiple horizontal lines representing different components or states. The operations are defined by numbers placed above specific lines and arrows pointing downwards.

- Lane 9:** Contains three horizontal lines. No operations are explicitly shown here.
- Lane 10:** Contains five horizontal lines. An operation '0' is shown at the first position, and a '2' is shown at the second position.
- Lane 11:** Contains five horizontal lines. An operation '0' is shown at the first position, and '0-2' is shown at the third and fourth positions.
- Lane 12:** Contains five horizontal lines. An operation '0' is shown at the first position, and a series of '2-2-2-2-2-2' operations are shown at the subsequent positions (second through sixth).

Arrows indicate the direction of flow or action, pointing downwards from the numbered positions to the bottom of the diagram.

All Together- D

G

A

D